

Statistical Table 27: Offence type mostly involved in the 'reports' for drug offences in EU countries and Norway

		Proportion	Year
Use/possession for use			
Austria	(1)	89%	2001
United Kingdom	(3)	86%	2000
Sweden	(3)	81%	2001
France	(2)	85%	2001
Ireland		77%	2000
Greece		75%	1998
Germany		66%	2001
Belgium		64%	2000
Finland	(3)	61%	2000
Portugal	(2) (5)	39%	2001
Dealing/trafficking			
Italy	(4)	100%	2001
Spain	(4)	100%	2001
Use and trafficking			
Luxembourg	(3)	68%	2001
Norway	(6)	60%	2000

Notes:

Data not available in Denmark.

(1) Possession and small-scale trafficking (the law only differs between small and large quantities).

(2) Offences for use+trafficking are not included in this proportion but are included in the denominator.

(3) Among all drug offences - several different drug offences may be involved in one case.

(4) Drug use and/or possession for use is usually not prosecuted in these countries. It is not considered as a criminal offence and regulated by administrative sanctions in Italy, Portugal (since July 2001) and Spain.

(5) Since July 2001, drug use/possession for use is not a criminal offence anymore and thus not considered here in the numerator since then. In consequence, the proportion is decreased compared to 2000 (55%).

(6) It is not possible to distinguish 'dealing and trafficking' alone from 'use/dealing and trafficking'. This latter category includes thus dealers-users and represent 60% of drug law offences, while the remaining drug law offences (40%) relate to drug use alone.

Source: National focal points.